UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

| FORM 6-K |
|---|
| Report of Foreign Private Issuer Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the month of August 2018 |
| Commission File Number 001-38079 |
| UROGEN PHARMA LTD. (Translation of registrant's name into English) |
| 9 Ha'Ta'asiya Street Ra'anana 4365007, Israel (Address of principal executive offices) |

Form 40-F □

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F ⊠

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): \Box

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): □

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 to this Report on Form 6-K shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference into the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (Registration Numbers 333-218992, 333-221212 and 333-222955) of UroGen Pharma Ltd. (the "Company") and to be a part thereof from the date on which this report is filed, to the extent not superseded by documents or reports subsequently filed or furnished.

Exhibit 99.3 to this Report on Form 6-K shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or the Exchange Act.

RISK FACTORS

The risk factors set forth under the caption "Risk Factors" in the Company's annual report on Form 20-F filed on March 15, 2018 shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference herein and to be a part thereof from the date on which this report is filed, to the extent not superseded by documents or reports subsequently filed or furnished. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to the Company, or that the Company currently deems to be immaterial, also may affect its business, financial condition and/or future operating results.

The following risk factor was added since the Company's Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2017.

If we fail to maintain proper and effective internal controls, our ability to produce accurate and timely financial statements could be impaired, which could result in sanctions or other penalties that would harm our business.

We are currently an "emerging growth company" as defined in the U.S. federal securities laws. We are subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, or the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and the rules and regulations of the NASDAQ Global Market.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires, among other things, that we maintain effective disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls over financial reporting. Commencing with our fiscal year ending December 31, 2018, we must perform system and process design evaluation and testing of the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting to allow management to report on the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting in our Form 10-K filing for that year, as required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. This will require that we incur substantial additional professional fees and internal costs to expand our accounting and finance functions and that we expend significant management efforts. We have never been required to test our internal controls within a specified period and, as a result, we may experience difficulty in meeting these reporting requirements in a timely manner.

We may discover weaknesses in our system of internal financial and accounting controls and procedures that could result in a material misstatement of our consolidated financial statements. Our internal control over financial reporting will not prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system's objectives will be met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud will be detected.

If we are not able to comply with the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act in a timely manner, or if we are unable to maintain proper and effective internal controls over financial reporting, we may not be able to produce timely and accurate financial statements. If that were to happen, our investors could lose confidence in our reported financial information, the market price of our shares could decline, and we could be subject to sanctions or investigations by the SEC or other regulatory authorities.

PFIC STATUS

If we are a passive foreign investment company, or PFIC, we expect to provide investors, by annually posting a "PFIC Annual Information Statement" on our website, with the information required to allow investors to make a qualified electing fund, or QEF, election for United States federal income tax purposes.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UROGEN PHARMA LTD.

By: /s/ Stephen Mullennix

Stephen Mullennix

Chief Operating Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer

August 14, 2018

EXHIBIT INDEX

| Exhibit No. | Description |
|----------------|---|
| 99.1 | Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations for the six and three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity and Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements. |
| 99.2 | Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations |
| 99.3 | Press Release dated August 14, 2018 |
| 101 | Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders Equity, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

| | | June 30, 2018 | D | ecember 31, 2017 |
|---|----|------------------|----|---------------------|
| Assets | | | | _ |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 119,109 | \$ | 36,999 |
| Short-term investments | | _ | | 36,001 |
| Restricted deposit | | 197 | | 198 |
| Accounts receivable | | 232 | | _ |
| Inventory | | 142 | | 316 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | | 1,024 | | 958 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | 120,704 | | 74,472 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | | |
| Property and equipment, net | | 718 | | 805 |
| Restricted deposit | | 80 | | 29 |
| Other non-current assets | | _ | | 244 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 121,502 | \$ | 75,550 |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' equity | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ | 5,655 | \$ | 4,435 |
| Employee related accrued expenses | | 2,211 | | 1,950 |
| Deferred revenues | | 86 | | 650 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | - | 7,952 | | 7,035 |
| | | · | | · |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | - | 7,952 | - | 7,035 |
| COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 6) | | _ | | |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY: | | | | |
| Ordinary shares, NIS 0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized at June 30, 2018 | | | | |
| and December 31, 2017; 15,853,286 and 13,751,390 shares issued and outstanding | | | | |
| at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively | | 43 | | 37 |
| Additional paid-in capital | | 192,129 | | 115,692 |
| Accumulated deficit | | (78,622) | | (47,214) |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | 113,550 | - | 68,515 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ | 121,502 | \$ | 75,550 |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

| | Six Months E | nded J | une 30, | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------|----|-----------|--|
| | 2018 2017 | | | 2018 | | | 2017 | |
| REVENUES | \$ 845 | \$ | 19 | \$ | 364 | \$ | _ | |
| COST OF REVENUES | 748 | | 18 | | 318 | | _ | |
| GROSS PROFIT | 97 | | 1 | | 46 | | _ | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | | | | | | |
| RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES | 15,895 | | 6,315 | | 8,273 | | 3,651 | |
| GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES | 16,276 | | 3,175 | | 10,207 | | 2,300 | |
| OPERATING LOSS | 32,074 | | 9,489 | | 18,434 | | 5,951 | |
| INTEREST AND OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSES, NET | (766) | | 127 | | (408) | | 248 | |
| REALIZED LOSS ON SALE OF SHORT-TERM | | | | | | | | |
| INVESTMENT | 100 | | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| NET LOSS | \$ 31,408 | \$ | 9,616 | \$ | 18,026 | \$ | 6,199 | |
| NET LOSS PER ORDINARY SHARE BASIC AND | | | | | | | | |
| DILUTED | \$ 2.02 | \$ | 1.81 | \$ | 1.14 | \$ | 0.70 | |
| WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES | | | | | | | | |
| OUTSTANDING USED IN COMPUTATION OF BASIC | | | | | | | | |
| AND DILUTED LOSS PER ORDINARY SHARE | 15,528,826 | | 5,755,714 | | 15,784,393 | | 9,204,405 | |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

| | Ordinar | v Sha | ares | Preferre | ares | A | Additional paid-in capital | Accumulated Deficit | | | Total | |
|---|---------------------|-------|--------|---------------------|------|--------|----------------------------------|------------------------|----|----------|-------|----------|
| | Number of Shares | | Amount | Number of Shares | | Amount | | - | | Amounts | | |
| BALANCE AS OF JANUARY 1, 2018 | 13,751,390 | \$ | 37 | | \$ | | \$ | 115,692 | \$ | (47,214) | \$ | 68,515 |
| CHANGES DURING THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Exercise of options into ordinary shares | 418,970 | | 1 | | | | | (1) | | | | _ |
| Share-based compensation | | | | | | | | 12,250 | | | | 12,250 |
| Issuance of ordinary shares in public | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| offering, net of issuance expenses | 1,682,926 | | 5 | | | | | 64,188 | | | | 64,193 |
| Net loss | | | | | | | | | | (31,408) | | (31,408) |
| BALANCE AS OF JUNE 30, 2018 | 15,853,286 | \$ | 43 | | \$ | | \$ | 192,129 | \$ | (78,622) | \$ | 113,550 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BALANCE AS OF JANUARY 1, 2017 | 2,305,743 | \$ | 6 | 5,193,427 | \$ | 13 | \$ | 43,502 | \$ | (27,214) | \$ | 16,307 |
| CHANGES DURING THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Exercise of options into ordinary shares | 1,920 | | * | | | | | 4 | | | | 4 |
| Share-based compensation | Ź | | | | | | | 1,873 | | | | 1,873 |
| Exercise of warrants into preferred | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| shares | | | | 364,036 | | 1 | | 4,731 | | | | 4,732 |
| Conversion of preferred shares into ordinary | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| shares | 5,557,463 | | 14 | (5,557,463) | | (14) | | | | | | |
| Issuance of ordinary shares, net of | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| issuance | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| expenses | 5,144,378 | | 15 | | | | | 60,757 | | | | 60,772 |
| Net loss | | | | | | | | | | (9,616) | | (9,616) |
| BALANCE AS OF JUNE 30, 2017 | 13,009,504 | \$ | 35 | | \$ | _ | \$ | 110,867 | \$ | (36,830) | \$ | 74,072 |

^(*) Represents less than one thousand

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (U.S. dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

Six Months Ended June 30,

| | | Six Months Ended June | | | |
|--|----------|-----------------------|----------|---------|--|
| | | 2018 | | 2017 | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| Net loss | \$ | (31,408) | \$ | (9,616) | |
| Adjustments required to reconcile net loss to net cash used in | | | | | |
| operating activities: | | | | | |
| Depreciation and disposals | | 291 | | 132 | |
| Share-based compensation | | 12,250 | | 1,873 | |
| Realized loss on sale of short-term investment | | 100 | | | |
| Exchange rates differences | | 1 | | (2) | |
| Fair value adjustment of warrants for preferred shares | | _ | | 168 | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | | | |
| Decrease (increase) in inventory | | 174 | | (293) | |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable | | (232) | | 73 | |
| Increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets | | (66) | | (308) | |
| Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses | | 1,422 | | 1,031 | |
| (Decrease) increase in deferred revenues | | (564) | | 311 | |
| Increase in employee related accrued expenses | | 261 | | 425 | |
| Net cash used in operating activities | | (17,771) | | (6,206) | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| Change in restricted deposit | | (51) | | (5) | |
| Sale of short-term investment | | 35,901 | | | |
| Purchase of property and equipment | | (204) | | (98) | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | | 35,646 | | (103) | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | · · | - | | |
| Proceeds from exercise of options into ordinary shares | | _ | | 4 | |
| Issuance of ordinary shares in public offering, net of issuance expenses | | 64,235 | | 61,654 | |
| Proceeds from exercise of warrants to preferred shares | | ´ — | | 382 | |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | | 64,235 | _ | 62,040 | |
| INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | 82,110 | | 55,731 | |
| BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING | | 02,110 | | 33,731 | |
| OF THE YEAR | | 36,999 | | 21,362 | |
| BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR | \$ | 119,109 | \$ | 77,093 | |
| SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND | <u> </u> | 110,100 | <u> </u> | 77,000 | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| Non-cash issuance cost | \$ | _ | \$ | 728 | |
| Exercise of warrants into preferred shares | \$ | | \$ | 4,732 | |
| Exercise of warrants into preferred shares | Φ | | Ф | 4,/32 | |

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS

- a. UroGen Pharma Ltd. is an Israeli company incorporated in April 2004 ("UPL").
 - UroGen Pharma, Inc. a subsidiary of UPL, was incorporated in Delaware in October 2015 and began operating in February 2016 ("UPI").
 - UPL and UPI (together the "Company") is a clinical stage biopharmaceutical company focused on developing novel therapies designed to change the standard of care for urological pathologies.
- b. In May 2017, the Company raised \$60.8 million, net of issuance costs and underwriting discounts, in an Initial Public Offering ("IPO") on the Nasdaq stock market.
- c. As described in Note 7a1, in April 2017, the Company's board of directors and shareholders approved a 3.2-for-1 split of the Company's ordinary, Preferred A and Preferred A-1 shares. All share and per share amounts reflected in these financial statements and the notes thereto have been adjusted, on a retroactive basis, to reflect this share split.
- d. In January 2018, the Company completed a follow-on public offering on Nasdaq of 1,682,926 ordinary shares, at a public offering price of \$41.00 per share, in consideration for approximately \$64.2 million net of underwriting discounts and commissions and issuance costs, including exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase an additional 219,512 ordinary shares at the public offering price.
- e. As of the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements, the Company has the ability to fund its planned operations for at least the next 12 months. However, the Company's product candidates may never achieve commercialization and it will continue to incur losses for the foreseeable future. Therefore, the Company may need to raise additional funds to fund its research and development expenses, general and administrative expenses and capital expenditures until such time that it can generate substantial revenues.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial statements. Accordingly, they do not contain all information and notes required by U.S. GAAP for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements reflect all adjustments, which include normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of the Company's financial position as of June 30, 2018, the results of operations for the six and three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 and notes thereto included in the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. The condensed balance sheet data as of December 31, 2017 included in these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements was derived from the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP.

The results for the six and three month periods ended June 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2018.

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

NOTE 3 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("Topic 606", "ASU 2014-09", or "the New Revenue Standard"). ASU 2014-09 requires entities to recognize revenue that represents the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount equivalent to the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The following steps should be applied to determine this amount: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in ASU 605, "Revenue Recognition," and most industry-specific guidance in the Accounting Standards Codification. The New Revenue Standard is effective for the Company for annual reporting periods, including interim periods therein, beginning January 1, 2018. The New Revenue Standard may be applied retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognized as of the date of adoption (modified retrospective method). The Company has adopted the New Revenue Standard using modified retrospective method. The Company has completed its assessment of the New Revenue Standard and identified two revenue streams; (1) licensing revenue and (2) revenue from clinical supply of RTGel per the license agreement with Allergan. The implementation of the New Revenue Standard did not have a material impact on the amount or timing of the Company's current revenue recognition related to these revenue streams.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842 or "ASU 2016-02"). ASU 2016-02 supersedes existing guidance in Leases (Topic 840). The revised standard requires lessees to recognize the assets and liabilities arising from leases with lease terms greater than twelve months on the balance sheet, including those currently classified as operating leases, and to disclose key information about leasing arrangements. Lessees will be required to recognize a lease liability and a right-of-use asset on their balance sheets, while lessor accounting will remain largely unchanged. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of ASU 2016-02 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

NOTE 4 – SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

The Company sold its short-term investments during March 2018 and recorded a realized loss on sale of short-term investment of \$100 for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The Company also recorded increased interest income for the same period related to the short-term investment. At June 30, 2018, all the Company's funds were in cash and cash equivalents.

NOTE 5 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value is based on the price that would be received from the sale of an asset or that would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In order to increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements, the guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs used to measure fair value into three broad levels, which are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for assets or liabilities. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs.
- Level 2: Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets but corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs are used when little or no market data is available. The fair value hierarchy gives the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

In determining fair value, the Company utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible and considers counterparty credit risk in its assessment of fair value.

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

NOTE 5 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

The Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are classified in the tables below in one of the three categories described above:

| | June 30, 2018 | D | ecember 31, 2017 |
|---|------------------|----|---------------------|
| Money market and mutual funds (1) - Level 1 | \$ 108,638 | \$ | 26,127 |
| Short-term investments - Level 2 | _ | | 36,001 |
| Other - Level 3 | _ | | _ |

(1) Included in cash and cash equivalents on the consolidated balance sheets. The carrying amount approximates fair value.

The table below sets forth a summary of the changes in the fair value of the warrants for preferred shares classified as Level 3:

| | Six Mo | onths E | nded | June 30, | Th | ree Months | Ended June 30, | | |
|--|--------|-----------|------|----------|----|------------|----------------|---------|--|
| | 2018 | 2018 2017 | | | | 2018 | | 2017 | |
| Balance at the beginning of the period | \$ | _ | \$ | 3,612 | \$ | _ | \$ | 3,503 | |
| Changes in fair value during the period | | _ | | 168 | | _ | | 277 | |
| Exercise of warrants to preferred shares | | _ | | (3,780) | | _ | | (3,780) | |
| Balance at end of the period | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | |

NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- a. In September 2017, UPI entered into a new lease agreement for its New York headquarters. The lease agreement commenced in October 2017 and shall terminate in February 2021. The total contractual obligation for the duration of the lease is approximately \$2,130.
- b. In April 2018, UPI entered into a new lease agreement for an office in Los Angeles, CA. The lease commencement date is estimated to be in the third quarter of 2018 and terminate in 2023. The total contractual obligation for the duration of the lease is approximately \$1,400.

NOTE 7 - SHARE CAPITAL

a. Share capital

- 1. On April 19, 2017, the Company's board of directors and shareholders approved an aggregate 3.2-for-1 share split of the Company's ordinary, Preferred A and Preferred A-1 shares. The share split was effected on April 19, 2017 by the issuance of 2.2 ordinary shares for each outstanding ordinary, Preferred A and Preferred A-1 share held immediately prior to the share split.
- 2. In May 2017, the Company completed an IPO on the Nasdaq stock market, in which it issued 5,144,378 ordinary shares at a public offering price of \$13.00 per share in consideration for \$60.8 million, net of issuance costs and underwriting discounts.
- 3. In January 2018, the Company completed a follow-on public offering on Nasdaq of 1,682,926 ordinary shares, at a public offering price of \$41.00 per share, in consideration for approximately \$64.2 million net of underwriting discounts and commissions and issuance costs, including exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase an additional 219,512 ordinary shares at the public offering price.
- 4. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company issued 418,970 ordinary shares with respect to the net exercise of options.

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

NOTE 7 - SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

b. Share-based compensation

1. The following table illustrates the effect of share-based compensation on the statements of operations:

| | Siz | x Months E | nded | June 30, | | Three Mor | | Ended |
|-------------------------------------|------|------------|------|----------|----|-----------|----|-------|
| | 2018 | | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2017 |
| Research and development expenses | \$ | 5,261 | \$ | 1,013 | \$ | 2,788 | \$ | 853 |
| General and administrative expenses | | 6,989 | | 860 | | 4,921 | | 723 |
| | \$ | 12,250 | \$ | 1,873 | \$ | 7,709 | \$ | 1,576 |

2. 2017 Equity Incentive Plan

In March 2017, the Company's board of directors adopted the 2017 Equity Incentive Plan ("2017 Plan"), which was approved by the shareholders in April 2017. The 2017 Plan provides for the grant of incentive stock options to the Company's employees and for the grant of nonstatutory stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit awards, performance stock awards, performance cash awards, and other forms of stock awards to the Company's employees, directors and consultants.

The maximum number of ordinary shares that may initially be issued under the 2017 Plan is 1,400,000. In addition, the number of ordinary shares reserved for issuance under the 2017 Plan will automatically increase on January 1st of each calendar year, from January 1, 2018 through January 1, 2027, so that the number of such shares reserved for issuance will equal 12% of the total number of ordinary shares outstanding on the last day of the calendar month prior to the date of each automatic increase, or a lesser number of shares determined by our board of directors. The maximum number of ordinary shares that may be issued upon the exercise of incentive stock options under the 2017 Plan is 5,600,000.

On January 1, 2018, the share reserve increased by 250,167 to 1,650,167.

The plan administrator determines the exercise price for stock options, within the terms and conditions of the 2017 Plan, provided that the exercise price of a stock option generally cannot be less than 100% of the fair market value of the Company's ordinary shares on the date of grant. Options granted under the 2017 Plan vest at the rate specified in the stock option agreement as determined by the plan administrator.

- 3. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company's board of directors approved grants of 702,000 options to executive management and employees of the Company. Each option is exercisable into one ordinary share of the Company at an exercise price between \$38.64 to \$59.23. The options vest in several installments over a three-year period. As of the grant date, the fair value of these options was \$23,195. The options expire ten years after their grant date.
- 4. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company's board of directors approved grants of 78,527 restricted stock units, or RSUs, to executive management and employees of the Company. The RSUs vest in several installments over a three-year period. As of the grant date, the fair value of these RSUs was \$4,481. The RSUs expire ten years after their grant date.
- 5. In January 2018, the Company's board of directors approved a grant of 40,000 options to the Chairman of the board of directors of the Company. Each option is exercisable into one ordinary share of the Company at an exercise price of \$43.67. The options vest quarterly over a one-year period. As of the grant date, the fair value of these options was \$1,392. The options expire ten years after their grant date.
- 6. In January 2018, the Company's board of directors approved grants of 30,000 options to consultants of the Company. Each option is exercisable into one ordinary share of the Company at an exercise price of \$43.67. The options vest monthly over a one-year period. As of June 30, 2018, the fair value of these options was estimated at \$701. The options expire ten years after their grant date.
- 7. In June 2018, the Company's board of directors approved a grant of 60,000 options to the board of directors of the Company. Each then current director, including the Chairman of the board, received 10,000 options. Each option is exercisable into one ordinary share of the Company at an exercise price of \$59.23. The options vest quarterly over a one-year period. As of the grant date, the fair value of these options was \$2,882. The options expire ten years after their grant date.

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

NOTE 7 - SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

- 8. In June 2018, the Company's board of directors approved grants of 10,000 options to consultants of the Company. Each option is exercisable into one ordinary share of the Company at an exercise price of \$59.23. The options vest 50% six months from grant date and 50% nine months from grant date. As of June 30, 2018, the fair value of these options was estimated at \$392. The options expire ten years after their grant date.
- 9. In June 2018, the Company announced the resignation of its CFO, and in June 2018, the Company's board of directors approved a severance package including modifications to grants of his related option awards. The fair value of the modifications to these option awards was estimated at \$2,324 and was recorded in general and administrative expenses in the Company's Statements of Operations for the six and three months ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTIES

UPI entered into a lease agreement, dated as of November 2015 and commencing as of May 2016, for office space located at 689 Fifth Avenue in New York. UPI shared the office space equitably with Kite Pharma, Inc., a Delaware corporation, which is a cosignatory to such lease agreement. Arie Belldegrun, M.D., UPL's chairman, served as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Kite Pharma, Inc. until his resignation effective as of October 3, 2017, in connection with the acquisition of Kite Pharma, Inc. by Gilead Sciences, Inc.

In April 2018, the Company terminated its lease for offices at 689 Fifth Avenue in New York. The Company expects the office to be assumed by other tenants in the near future. However, until the assumption takes place, the Company has recorded an estimate of approximately \$291 in early termination expense on the lease for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The Company also recorded a loss on disposal of fixed assets of \$183 for the six months ended June 30, 2018, regarding the accelerated depreciation on the leasehold improvements associated with the lease.

NOTE 9 - LOSS PER SHARE:

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share for the periods indicated:

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | | Three Months I | Ended June 30, | |
|--|---------------------------|------------|------|-----------|------|----------------|----------------|-----------|
| | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2018 | | | 2017 |
| Basic and diluted: | | | | | | | | |
| Net Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company | \$ | 31,408 | \$ | 9,616 | \$ | 18,026 | \$ | 6,199 |
| Dividend accumulated on preferred shares during the period | \$ | | \$ | 824 | \$ | | \$ | 216 |
| Net Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company, after reducing dividend accumulated on preferred shares | \$ | 31,408 | \$ | 10,440 | \$ | 18,026 | \$ | 6,415 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in computing basic and diluted net loss per ordinary | | | | | | | _ | |
| share | | 15,528,826 | | 5,755,714 | | 15,784,393 | | 9,204,405 |
| Basic and diluted net loss per ordinary share | \$ | 2.02 | \$ | 1.81 | \$ | 1.14 | \$ | 0.70 |

For the six and three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, all ordinary shares underlying outstanding options, A-1 warrants and convertible preferred shares have been excluded from the calculation of the diluted loss per share since their effect was anti-dilutive.

NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

The Company has evaluated and determined there were no subsequent events through August 14, 2018.

UROGEN PHARMA LTD. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations for the six and three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for such periods filed as Exhibit 99.1 to this Report on Form 6-K, as well as our annual financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015 and related discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations for such periods, which were included in our Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2018. Unless the context requires otherwise, references in this Report to "we," "us," "our" and "UroGen" refer to UroGen Pharma, Ltd. and its subsidiaries. All such financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or US GAAP. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.

Overview

We are a clinical stage biopharmaceutical company focused on developing novel therapies designed to change the standard of care for urological pathologies. We have an innovative and broad pipeline of product candidates that we believe can overcome the deficiencies of current treatment options for a variety of urological conditions with a focus on uro-oncology. Our lead product candidates, UGN-101 (mitomycin gel for urothelial instillation), also known as MitoGel® and UGN-102 (mitomycin gel for intravesical instillation), also known as VesiGelTM are proprietary formulations of the chemotherapy drug mitomycin, a generic drug, which is currently used off-label for urothelial cancer treatment only in a water-based formulation as an adjuvant, or supplemental post-surgery, therapy. We are developing our product candidates as chemoablation agents, which means they are designed to remove tumors by non-surgical means, to treat several forms of non-muscle invasive urothelial cancer, including low-grade upper tract urothelial carcinoma, or UTUC, and low-grade bladder cancer. We believe that UGN-101 and UGN-102, which are both local drug therapies, have the potential to significantly improve patients' quality of life by replacing costly, sub-optimal and burdensome tumor resection and kidney removal surgeries as the first-line standard of care. UGN-101 and UGN-102 may also reduce the need for bladder and upper urinary tract surgeries, including removal of the upper urinary tract and kidney, which are major surgical procedures typically performed when local endoscopic tumor resection fails to control the disease progression. Additionally, we believe that our product candidates, which are based on formulations of previously approved drugs, may qualify for streamlined regulatory pathways to market approval.

Our lead product candidates, UGN-101 and UGN-102, are formulated using our proprietary reverse thermally triggered hydrogel, or RTGelTM technology. We believe that RTGel-based drug formulations, which provide for the sustained release of an active drug, may improve the efficacy of treatment of various types of urothelial cancer without compromising the safety of the patient or interfering with the natural flow of fluids from the urinary tract to the bladder. Our formulations are designed to achieve this by increasing the dwell time as well as the tissue coverage of the active drug throughout the organ. Consequently, we believe that RTGel-based drug formulations may enable us to overcome the anatomical and physiological challenges that have historically contributed to the lack of drug development for the treatment of urothelial cancer. No drugs have been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or the FDA, for the treatment of non-muscle invasive bladder cancer, or NMIBC, in the last 20 years.

Our clinical stage pipeline also includes UGN-201 (imiquimod), also known as VesimuneTM, our immunotherapy product candidate for the treatment of high-grade NMIBC, which may include Carcinoma in Situ, or CIS. UGN-201 is a novel, liquid formulation of imiquimod, a generic toll-like receptor 7, or TLR7, agonist. Toll-like receptor agonists play a key role in initiating the innate immune response system. We believe that UGN-201 as a single agent or in combination with additional immunotherapy drugs, such as immune checkpoint inhibitors or chemotherapy drugs, could represent a valid alternative to the current standard of care for the post-transurethral resection of bladder tumor adjuvant treatment of high-grade NMIBC.

BotuGel is our proprietary novel RTGel-based formulation of BOTOX, a branded drug, that we believe can potentially serve as an effective treatment option for patients suffering from overactive bladder. In October 2016, we announced the licensing of the worldwide rights to RTGel in combination with neurotoxins, including BOTOX, to Allergan Pharmaceuticals International Limited, or Allergan. In August 2017, we announced that Allergan had submitted an Investigational New Drug, or IND, application to the FDA in order to be able to commence clinical trials in the United States using the RTGel in combination with BOTOX. In October 2017, Allergan commenced a Phase 2 clinical trial of BotuGel for the treatment of overactive bladder.

We have incurred net losses in each period since our formation in 2004. We incurred net losses of \$31.4 million and \$9.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. As of June 30, 2018, our accumulated deficit was \$78.6 million. We expect to continue to incur losses for the foreseeable future, and our losses may fluctuate significantly from year to year. We expect that our expenses will increase substantially in connection with our ongoing activities as we:

- conduct the single pivotal Phase 3 clinical trial for UGN-101;
- initiate a Phase 2b clinical trial for UGN-102:
- initiate an additional clinical trial for UGN-201 as a single agent or in combination with another agent;
- continue the preclinical development of our other product candidates;
- submit a New Drug Application seeking regulatory approval for UGN-101, anticipated to be pursuant to the FDA's 505(b)(2) regulatory pathway, and additional product candidates;
- establish a sales, marketing and distribution infrastructure;
- scale up external manufacturing capabilities to commercialize any products for which we obtain regulatory approval;
- maintain, expand and protect our intellectual property portfolio;
- add equipment and physical infrastructure to support our research and development;
- hire additional clinical development, regulatory, commercial, quality control and manufacturing personnel; and
- add operational, financial and management information systems and personnel, including personnel to support our product development and planned commercialization.

We will need additional funding to support our operating activities as we advance our product candidates through clinical development, seek regulatory approval and prepare for and, if any of our product candidates are approved, proceed to commercialization. Adequate funding may not be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all.

Allergan License Agreement

We entered into an exclusive license agreement with Allergan in October 2016 (the "Allergan Agreement"). Allergan paid us a nonrefundable upfront license fee of \$17.5 million, and we are eligible to receive additional milestone payments upon the successful completion of certain development, regulatory and commercial milestones. Under the Allergan Agreement, Allergan is solely responsible, at its expense, for developing, obtaining regulatory approvals for and commercializing, on a worldwide basis, pharmaceutical products that contain RTGel and clostridial toxins (including BOTOX), alone or in combination with certain other active ingredients, which we refer to collectively as the Licensed Products. Allergan is obligated to pay us a tiered royalty in the low single digits based on worldwide annual net sales of Licensed Products, subject to certain reductions for the market entry of competing products and/or loss of our patent coverage of Licensed Products. We are responsible for payments to any third-party for certain RTGel-related third-party intellectual properties. In July 2017, Allergan notified us that they had submitted their IND for BotuGel, our proprietary novel RTGel-based formulation of BOTOX for the treatment of overactive bladder, to the FDA. The submission of the IND triggered the second milestone under the Allergan Agreement, pursuant to which we received a payment of \$7.5 million in August 2017. Allergan commenced a Phase 2 clinical trial of BotuGel in October 2017.

Components of Results of Operations

Revenues

We do not currently have any products approved for sale and, to date, we have not recognized any revenues from sales of UGN-101, UGN-102 or UGN-201. During the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, we recognized revenues of \$845,000 and \$19,000, respectively, that related to sales of RTGel to Allergan, per the Allergan Agreement. In the future, we may generate revenue from a combination of product sales, reimbursements, up-front payments, milestone payments and royalties in connection with the Allergan Agreement and future collaborations. If we fail to obtain regulatory approval of any of our product candidates in a timely manner, our ability to generate future revenue will be impaired.

Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses consist primarily of:

- salaries and related costs, including share-based compensation expense, for our personnel in research and development functions;
- clinical trials and preclinical study expenses including expenses incurred under agreements with third parties, including clinical research organizations, subcontractors, suppliers and consultants;
- expenses incurred to acquire, develop and manufacture clinical trial and preclinical study materials; and
- facility and equipment costs, including depreciation expense, maintenance and allocated direct and indirect overhead costs.

We expense all research and development costs as incurred. Our employees and internal resources may be engaged in projects for multiple programs at any time, and therefore our focus is on total research and development expenditures, and internal research and development expenses are not allocated by project.

Through June 30, 2018, we have received grants of \$2.1 million in the aggregate from the Israeli Innovation Authority, or IIA, for research and development funding. Pursuant to the terms of the grants, we are obligated to pay the IIA royalties of 3.0% to 5.0% on revenues from sales of products developed from a project financed in whole or in part by IIA grants, up to a limit of 100% of the amount of the grant received, plus annual interest calculated at a rate based on 12-month LIBOR.

In addition to paying any royalties due to the IIA, we must abide by other restrictions associated with receiving such grants under the Israeli Law for the Encouragement of Industrial Research, Development and Technological Innovation, 5754-1984, or R&D Law, and the IIA rules for granting a right to use know-how developed from research and development that was conducted pursuant to a plan approved by the IIA outside of Israel, or the Licensing Rules. These rules will continue to apply to us following full repayment to the IIA. The IIA grants we have received for research and development activities restrict our ability to manufacture products and transfer technologies outside of Israel and require us, in addition to the payment of royalties, to satisfy specified conditions. If we fail to satisfy these conditions, we may be required to refund grants previously received and incur financial penalties. Under the Allergan Agreement, Allergan has the option to manufacture products developed with IIA-funded technology outside of Israel, which would require approval from the IIA. Although Allergan has not yet exercised this option, we have requested approval from the IIA for a possible transfer of the production process. We may not receive such approval. Even if we do receive such approval, we may be required to pay increased royalties to the IIA of up to 300% of the amount of the original grant received plus interest. If the IIA deems the license to Allergan to be a technology transfer, we may be required to pay up to 600% of the amount of the original grant plus interest. Such payment and its timing will be determined by various factors, including the consideration received by us and our R&D expenditure, and in accordance with the formulas set forth in the Licensing Rules.

We are focused on advancing our product candidates, and our future research and development expenses will depend on their clinical success. Research and development expenses will continue to be significant and will increase over at least the next several years as we continue to develop our product candidates and conduct preclinical studies and clinical trials of our product candidates.

We do not believe that it is possible at this time to accurately project total expenses required for us to reach commercialization of our product candidates. Due to the inherently unpredictable nature of preclinical and clinical development, we are unable to estimate with certainty the costs we will incur and the timelines that will be required in the continued development and approval of our product candidates. Clinical and preclinical development timelines, the probability of success and development costs can differ materially from expectations. In addition, we cannot forecast which product candidates may be subject to future collaborations, when such arrangements will be entered into, if at all, and to what degree such arrangements would affect our development plans and capital requirements.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel costs, including share-based compensation, related to directors, executive, commercial, investor relations, finance, and human resource functions, facility costs and external professional service costs, including legal, accounting and audit services and other consulting fees.

We anticipate that our general and administrative expenses will increase in the future as we increase our administrative headcount and infrastructure to support our continued research and development programs and the potential approval, manufacturing and commercialization of our product candidates. We also anticipate that we will incur increased expenses related to audit, legal,

regulatory and tax-related services associated with maintaining compliance with Nasdaq and SEC requirements, director and officer insurance premiums, executive compensation, and other costs associated with being a public company.

Interest and other income, net

Interest and other income, net, for the six and three months ended June 30, 2018 consisted primarily of interest income on our cash and short-term investments.

Income taxes

We have yet to generate taxable income in Israel. We have historically incurred operating losses resulting in carry forward tax losses totaling approximately \$24.8 million as of December 31, 2017. We anticipate that we will continue to generate tax losses for the foreseeable future and that we will be able to carry forward these tax losses indefinitely to future taxable years. Accordingly, we do not expect to pay taxes in Israel until we have taxable income after the full utilization of our carry forward tax losses. We have provided a full valuation allowance with respect to the deferred tax assets related to these carry forward losses.

Analysis of Results of Operations

Comparison of the six and three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the six and three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | | Three Mor | Ended | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------|----|-------|------|--------------------------|-------|-------|--|
| | 2018 2017 | | | | 2018 | | 2017 | | |
| | (Unaudited in thousands) | | | | | (Unaudited in thousands) | | | |
| Revenues | \$ | 845 | \$ | 19 | \$ | 364 | \$ | - | |
| Cost of revenues | | 748 | | 18 | | 318 | | - | |
| Gross profit | | 97 | | 1 | | 46 | | _ | |
| Research and development expenses (1) | | 15,895 | | 6,315 | | 8,273 | | 3,651 | |
| General and administrative expenses (1) | | 16,276 | | 3,175 | | 10,207 | | 2,300 | |
| Operating loss | | 32,074 | | 9,489 | | 18,434 | | 5,951 | |
| Interest and other (income) expenses, net | | (766) | | 127 | | (408) | | 248 | |
| Realized loss on sale of short-term investment | | 100 | | _ | | - | | - | |
| Net loss | \$ | 31,408 | \$ | 9,616 | \$ | 18,026 | \$ | 6,199 | |

⁽¹⁾ Includes share-based compensation expense as follows:

| | | Six Mont Jun | ided | Three Mor | Ended | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|-----------------|-------|-----------|--------------|----------|-------|
| | | 2018 | | 2017 | 2018 | | 2017 |
| | (| Unaudited i | n tho | usands) | (Unaudited i | ousands) | |
| Research and development expenses | \$ | 5,261 | \$ | 1,013 | \$ 2,788 | \$ | 853 |
| General and administrative expenses | | 6,989 | | 860 | 4,921 | | 723 |
| Total share-based compensation | \$ | 12,250 | \$ | 1,873 | \$ 7,709 | \$ | 1,576 |

Revenues

Our total revenues increased by approximately \$826,000 from \$19,000 in the six months ended June 30, 2017 to \$845,000 in the six months ended June 30, 2018 and are primarily related to sales of RTGel to Allergan, per the Allergan Agreement.

Our total revenues increased by approximately \$364,000 from zero in the three months ended June 30, 2017 to \$364,000 in the three months ended June 30, 2018 and are primarily related to sales of RTGel to Allergan, per the Allergan Agreement.

Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses increased by \$9.6 million to \$15.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$6.3 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase was attributable mainly to an increase of approximately \$4.2 million of share-based compensation and an increase of approximately \$2.2 million in headcount and related costs to support increased clinical trial activities. The remaining increase is primarily related to other direct costs associated with the UGN-101 Phase 3 clinical trial and our other products.

Research and development expenses increased by \$4.6 million, to \$8.3 million in the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$3.7 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase was attributable mainly to an increase of approximately \$1.9 million of share-based compensation and an increase of approximately \$1.1 million in headcount and related costs to support increased clinical trial activities. The remaining increase is primarily related to direct costs associated with the UGN-101 Phase 3 clinical trial and our other products.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses increased by approximately \$13.1 million to \$16.3 million in the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$3.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in general and administrative expenses resulted primarily from an increase in share-based compensation expense of \$6.1 million, an increase of approximately \$2.2 million in payroll and recruitment costs due to headcount and related costs to support our growing business, an increase of approximately \$1.8 million in commercial services, an increase of approximately \$1.7 million in consultant and Directors fees and an increase of approximately \$940,000 to support the growth of our New York office.

General and administrative expenses increased by \$7.9 million, to \$10.2 million in the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$2.3 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in general and administrative expenses resulted primarily from an increase in share-based compensation expense of \$4.2 million, an increase of approximately \$1.2 million in payroll and recruitment costs due to headcount and related costs to support our growing business, an increase of approximately \$1.2 million in commercial services, an increase of approximately \$890,000 in consultant and Directors fees and an increase of approximately \$265,000 to support the growth of our New York office.

Interest and other income, net

Interest and other income, net, increased by approximately \$893,000 to \$766,000 in income for the six months ended June 30, 2018 from \$127,000 in expense for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The change in income was primarily due to interest received on increased cash and cash equivalent balances received from our initial public offering, or IPO, and follow-on offering.

Interest and other income, net, increased by \$656,000, to \$408,000 in income for the three months ended June 30, 2018 from \$248,000 in expense for the three months ended June 30, 2017. The change in income was primarily due to interest received on increased cash and cash equivalent balances received from our IPO, and follow-on offering and prior year financial expense from revaluation of warrants that were converted to ordinary shares during the IPO.

Realized loss on sale of short-term investment

We recorded a realized loss of \$100,000 on sale of short-term investment for the six months ended June 30, 2018.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity

Since our inception, we have incurred losses and negative cash flows from our operations. For the six months ended June 30, 2018, we incurred a net loss of \$31.4 million and used net cash of \$17.8 million in our operating activities. As of June 30, 2018, we had working capital of \$112.8 million, and an accumulated deficit of \$78.6 million. Our principal source of liquidity as of June 30, 2018 consisted of cash and cash equivalents of \$119.1 million.

Capital Resources

Overview

In May 2017, we completed an IPO, which raised \$60.8 million, net of issuance costs and underwriting discounts and commissions, on the Nasdaq Stock Market. In January 2018, we completed a follow-on public offering which raised approximately \$64.2 million net of underwriting discounts and commissions and issuance costs. Through December 31, 2016, we had financed our operations primarily through private placements of equity securities and through the upfront payment received under the Allergan Agreement.

We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents will enable us to fund our operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next 12 months. We have based this estimate on assumptions that may prove to be wrong, and we could use our capital resources sooner than we currently expect. Our present and future funding requirements will depend on many factors, including, among other things:

- the progress, timing and completion of clinical trials for UGN-101 and UGN-102;
- preclinical studies and clinical trials for UGN-201 or any of our other product candidates;
- the costs related to obtaining regulatory approval for UGN-101, UGN-102 and UGN-201 and any of our other product candidates, and any delays we may encounter as a result of regulatory requirements or adverse clinical trial results with respect to any of these product candidates;
- selling, marketing and patent-related activities undertaken in connection with the commercialization of UGN-101 and UGN-102 and any of our other product candidates, and costs involved in the development of an effective sales and marketing organization;
- the costs involved in filing and prosecuting patent applications and obtaining, maintaining and enforcing patents or defending against claims or infringements raised by third parties, and license royalties or other amounts we may be required to pay to obtain rights to third-party intellectual property rights;
- potential new product candidates we identify and attempt to develop; and
- revenues we may derive either directly or in the form of royalty payments from future sales of UGN-101, UGN-102, UGN-201, BotuGel and any other product candidates.

Furthermore, we expect to continue to incur additional costs associated with operating as a public company. Accordingly, we will need to obtain additional funding in connection with our continuing operations. If we are unable to raise capital when needed or on attractive terms, we would be forced to delay, reduce or eliminate our research and development programs or future commercialization efforts.

Until such time, if ever, as we can generate substantial product revenue, we may finance our cash needs through a combination of equity offerings, debt financings, collaborations, strategic alliances and licensing arrangements. To the extent that we raise additional capital through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, your ownership interest will be diluted, and the terms of any additional securities may include liquidation or other preferences that adversely affect your rights as a shareholder. Debt financing, if available, may involve agreements that include covenants limiting or restricting our ability to take specific actions, such as incurring additional debt, making capital expenditures or declaring dividends.

If we raise funds through additional collaborations, strategic alliances or licensing arrangements with third parties, we may have to relinquish valuable rights to our technologies, future revenue streams, research programs or product candidates or to grant licenses on terms that may not be favorable to us. If we are unable to raise additional funds through equity or debt financings when needed, we may be required to delay, limit, reduce or terminate our product development or future commercialization efforts or grant rights to develop and market product candidates that we would otherwise prefer to develop and market ourselves.

Cash flows

The following table summarizes our statement of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| | 2018 | 2017 | | | |
| | (In thousands) | | | | |
| Net cash provided by (used in): | | | | | |
| Operating activities | \$ (17,771) \$ | (6,206) | | | |
| Investing activities | 35,646 | (103) | | | |
| Financing activities | 64,235 | 62,040 | | | |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents: | \$ 82,110 \$ | 55,731 | | | |

Net cash used in operating activities

Net cash used in operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2018 was approximately \$17.8 million compared to \$6.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The \$11.6 million increase was attributable primarily to the increase of \$21.8 million in the net loss for the six-month period, partly offset by an increase of \$10.4 million in share-based compensation expense.

Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$35.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018, compared to \$103,000 used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase of \$35.8 million is related to the sale of short-term investments.

Net cash provided by financing activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$64.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2018, compared to \$62.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase of approximately \$2.2 million is primarily related to our follow-on public offering.



UroGen Pharma Reports Second Quarter 2018 Financial Results and Recent Corporate Developments

Plan to Initiate Q4 2018 Rolling New Drug Application (NDA) Submission to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for UGN-101, Ahead of Initial Projection of Q1 2019

Initiated Phase 2b Clinical Trial of UGN-102 (VesiGel™) for the Treatment of Low-Grade Non-Muscle Invasive Bladder Cancer (LG NMIBC)

Conference Call Today at 8:30 a.m. Eastern Time

RA'ANANA, Israel and NEW YORK, August 14, 2018 - UroGen Pharma Ltd. (Nasdaq:URGN), a clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company developing treatments to address unmet needs in the field of urology, with a focus on uro-oncology, today announced financial results for the second quarter ended June 30, 2018 and provided an overview of the Company's recent developments.

"There aren't many opportunities in this industry to be first, but with UGN-101 (formerly referred to as MitoGel), we have the potential to have the first drug ever approved for low-grade upper tract urothelial cancer (LG UTUC). We believe that we will be one step closer to this major milestone in the field of uro-oncology with the planned rolling submission of a New Drug Application (NDA) for UGN-101 in the fourth quarter of this year," said Ron Bentsur, Chief Executive Officer of UroGen. "In the past six months, we have focused on full execution of UGN-101, from clinical development, to regulatory process, to preparing for potential commercialization. We are leveraging the momentum and learnings from our UGN-101 program to initiate our Phase 2b trial for UGN-102 (formerly referred to as VesiGel) which has the potential to treat a significantly larger population, patients diagnosed with low-grade non-muscle invasive bladder cancer (LG NMIBC). As we continue to advance our pipeline, we believe this is just the beginning of what's possible for UroGen and our RTGelTM platform."

Recent Highlights and Upcoming Milestones

UGN-101 Regulatory and Clinical Development:

- O Announced positive findings from an interim analysis of the ongoing pivotal Phase 3 OLYMPUS clinical trial of UGN-101, an investigational mitomycin formulation for the non-surgical treatment of LG UTUC in May 2018.
 - Interim analysis showed a complete response (CR) rate of 59 percent (20 out of the interim analysis intent to treat population of 34 patients) who were evaluated for primary disease evaluation (PDE, or the primary endpoint).
 - 15 percent (five of 34 patients) achieved a partial response.
 - At the time of the interim analysis presentation, of the 20 patients who achieved a CR, 13 patients had reached three-month follow-up, and all remained in CR. Four of these 13 patients had reached six-month follow-up and one of the 13 patients had reached nine-month follow-up, and all remained in CR.
- Top-line results from the OLYMPUS trial are expected in 2H 2018.
- O UroGen intends to initiate a rolling NDA submission for UGN-101 for the treatment of LG UTUC in Q4 2018 with a targeted completion by the end of Q1 2019.
- o Potential approval and commercial launch could potentially occur in 2019. The Company previously received Fast Track and Orphan Drug Designations for UGN-101.
- o If approved, UGN-101 would be the first approved therapy for LG UTUC.

• UGN-102 (VesiGel) Clinical Development:

- Successful Investigational New Drug (IND) application for UGN-102 for the treatment of LG NMIBC in Q2 2018.
- Initiated Phase 2b single-arm, open-label, multi-center trial designed to assess the efficacy and safety of UGN-102 as a potential first-line chemoablation agent in the treatment of patients with LG NMIBC at risk for recurrence.
 - There are currently no drugs approved by the FDA as first-line treatment for NMIBC, and only three drugs have been approved by the FDA, all as adjuvant treatments, following TURBT (transurethral resection of bladder tumor).
 - In 2012, the annual incidence of urothelial bladder cancer was 80,000 in the United States with a prevalence
 of 700,0001. NMIBC accounts for approximately 80% of all new cases of bladder cancer diagnosed in the
 United States each year, with the majority of patients experiencing life-long, repetitive surgical treatment for
 cancer recurrence.

Advancing the Potential of the RTGel Platform:

- UGN-201 (Vesimune™): The Company continues to advance research for its novel imiquimod formulation for bladder instillation as a single agent and in combination with immune checkpoint inhibitors for the treatment of high-grade urothelial cancer. Pre-clinical models have demonstrated antitumor effects of UGN-201 as a single agent as well as in combination with novel immunomodulatory molecules via intravesical instillation in urothelial cancer. A clinical trial of UGN-201 remains on track for 1H 2019.
- 0 BotuGel™: Enrollment of patients by Allergan in the Phase 2 trial of RTGel in combination with BOTOX®2 for the treatment of overactive bladder is ongoing. This clinical trial, if successful, has the potential to demonstrate the broad applicability of the RTGel platform beyond uro-oncology. Phase 2 data is expected in 2019.

Corporate Developments Supporting Commercialization Efforts:

- The addition of Peter P. Pfreundschuh as Chief Financial Officer aligns with the company's strategy as it prepares for continued growth and potential commercialization in 2019. Mr. Pfreundschuh brings over 25 years of leadership experience in the biotechnology and medical device sectors overseeing finance, business development and commercial operations.
- o The Company strengthened its Board of Directors with the appointment of Shawn Tomasello, a renowned industry expert with a track record of commercializing revolutionary, multi-billion dollar products in oncology. Most recently, she served as Chief Commercial Officer of Kite Pharma (subsequently Kite, a Gilead Company), where she led the commercialization of Yescarta®3 (axicabtagene ciloleucel), the first approved chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T therapy for the treatment of adult patients with relapsed or refractory non-Hodgkin lymphoma. Previously, Ms. Tomasello served as Chief Commercial Officer at Pharmacyclics, Inc.

Second Quarter 2018 Financial Results

- As of June 30, 2018, cash and cash equivalents totaled \$119.1 million.
- Research and development expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2018 were \$15.9 million, including non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$5.3 million. Research and
- 1 https://seer.cancer.gov/statfacts/html/urinb.html
- 2 BOTOX® is a proprietary trademark of Allergan Pharmaceuticals
- $3\,$ Yescarta® is a proprietary trademark of Kite Pharma, Inc.

- development expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2018 were \$8.3 million, including non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$2.8 million.
- General and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2018 were \$16.3 million, including non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$7.0 million. General and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2018 were \$10.2 million, including non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$4.9 million.
- The Company reported a net loss of \$31.4 million, or basic and diluted net loss per ordinary share of \$2.02, for the six months ended June 30, 2018. The Company reported a net loss of \$18.0 million, or basic and diluted net loss per ordinary share of \$1.14, for the three months ended June 30, 2018.

Conference Call & Webcast Information

Members of UroGen's management team will host a live conference call and webcast today at 8:30 a.m. Eastern Time to review the Company's financial results and provide a general business update.

The live webcast can be accessed by visiting the Investors section of the Company's website at http://investors.urogen.com. Please connect at least 15 minutes prior to the live webcast to ensure adequate time for any software download that may be needed to access the webcast. Alternatively, please call (888) 771-4371 (U.S.) or (847) 585-4405 (International) to listen to the live conference call. The conference ID number for the live call will be 47260983. An archive of the webcast will be available for two weeks on the Company's website.

${\bf UROGEN\,PHARMA\,LTD.}$

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

| | | June 30, 2018 | | December 31, 2017 | |
|---|----|------------------|----|----------------------|--|
| Assets | | _ | | _ | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 119,109 | \$ | 36,999 | |
| Short-term investments | | _ | | 36,001 | |
| Restricted deposit | | 197 | | 198 | |
| Accounts receivable | | 232 | | _ | |
| Inventory | | 142 | | 316 | |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | | 1,024 | | 958 | |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | 120,704 | | 74,472 | |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | _ | | _ | |
| Property and equipment, net | | 718 | | 805 | |
| Restricted deposit | | 80 | | 29 | |
| Other non-current assets | | _ | | 244 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 121,502 | \$ | 75,550 | |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' equity | | | - | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ | 5,655 | \$ | 4,435 | |
| Employee related accrued expenses | | 2,211 | | 1,950 | |
| Deferred revenues | | 86 | | 650 | |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 7,952 | | 7,035 | |
| | | | | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | · | 7,952 | | 7,035 | |
| COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES | | | | | |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY: | | | | | |
| Ordinary shares, NIS 0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized at | | | | | |
| June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017; 15,853,286 and 13,751,390 | | | | | |
| shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, | | | | | |
| respectively | | 43 | | 37 | |
| Additional paid-in capital | | 192,129 | | 115,692 | |
| Accumulated deficit | | (78,622) | | (47,214) | |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | 113,550 | | 68,515 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ | 121,502 | \$ | 75,550 | |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)
(Unaudited)

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|----|-----------|-----------------------------|------------|----|-----------|
| | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2017 |
| REVENUES | \$ 845 | \$ | 19 | \$ | 364 | \$ | _ |
| COST OF REVENUES | 748 | | 18 | | 318 | | _ |
| GROSS PROFIT | 97 | | 1 | | 46 | | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | | | | | |
| RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES | 15,895 | | 6,315 | | 8,273 | | 3,651 |
| GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES | 16,276 | | 3,175 | | 10,207 | | 2,300 |
| OPERATING LOSS | 32,074 | | 9,489 | | 18,434 | | 5,951 |
| INTEREST AND OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSES, NET | (766) | | 127 | | (408) | | 248 |
| REALIZED LOSS ON SALE OF SHORT-TERM | | | | | | | |
| INVESTMENT | 100 | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> |
| NET LOSS | \$ 31,408 | \$ | 9,616 | \$ | 18,026 | \$ | 6,199 |
| NET LOSS PER ORDINARY SHARE BASIC | | | | | | | |
| AND DILUTED | \$ 2.02 | \$ | 1.81 | \$ | 1.14 | \$ | 0.70 |
| WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES | | | | | | | |
| OUTSTANDING USED IN COMPUTATION | | | | | | | |
| OF BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER | | | | | | | |
| ORDINARY SHARE | 15,528,826 | | 5,755,714 | | 15,784,393 | | 9,204,405 |

About UroGen Pharma Ltd.

UroGen Pharma Ltd. (Nasdaq:URGN) is a clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company developing advanced non-surgical treatments to address unmet needs in the field of urology, with a focus on uro-oncology. UroGen has developed RTGel™, a proprietary sustained release, hydrogel-based platform technology that has the potential to improve therapeutic profiles of existing drugs. UroGen's sustained release technology is designed to enable longer exposure of the urinary tract tissue to medications, making local therapy a potentially more effective treatment option. UroGen's lead product candidates, UGN-101 (mitomycin gel for urothelial instillation), formerly known as MitoGel®, and UGN-102 (mitomycin gel for intravesical instillation), formerly known as VesiGel™, are designed to potentially remove tumors by non-surgical means and to treat several forms of non-muscle invasive urothelial cancer, including low-grade upper tract urothelial carcinoma and bladder cancer, respectively. UroGen is headquartered in Ra'anana, Israel with U.S. headquarters in New York.

Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including with respect to the timing and results of clinical development and commercial prospects of the product candidates in UroGen's pipeline, including UGN-101 (formerly referred to as MitoGel®), UroGen establishing a leadership position in the field of uro-oncology and the ability to commercialize, which statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including, but not limited to: the potential approval of its first therapy; the ability to obtain and maintain regulatory approval; the scope, progress and expansion of developing and commercializing UroGen's product candidates; and UroGen's ability to attract or retain key management and personnel. In light of these risks and uncertainties, and other risks and uncertainties that are described in the Risk Factors section of our annual report for the year ended December 31, 2017 filed with the SEC on March 15, 2018 and other filings that UroGen makes with the SEC from time to time (which are available at http://www.sec.gov), the events and circumstances discussed in such forward-looking statements may

not occur, and UroGen's actual results could differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied thereby. Any forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this press release and are based on information available to UroGen as of the date of this release.

UROGEN CONTACT:

Kate Bechtold Director, Corporate Communications & Investor Relations KateB@urogen.com 914-552-0456